

**Amendments to the Drawings:**

The enclosed sheets of drawings include changes to Figs. 2, 3, 4, and 6. These three sheets replace the original three sheets for Figs. 2, 3, and 4.

The amendments to Figs. 2, 3 and 4 are made to specifically point out the welding or adhesive used to attach the anchors to the cover as identified on page 7, lines 27 through 31. The amendment to Fig. 6 is to remove the "key lock" shown in the door handle as requested within the Office Action.

Enclosures: (3 replacement drawings)

**Remarks/Arguments:**

In response to the Final Office Action, the applicant offers the following remarks. Claims 1-16 are pending. Independent claims 1, 2, 9 and 16 have been substantively amended to address the previously cited and new prior art cited in the Office Action.

The Office Action rejected independent claims 1 and 2 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 3,736,016, issued to Garvey et al. Dependent claims 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable under the Garvey et al. reference in combination with one or more secondary references. Independent claims 1, 9 and 16 were rejected in the Office Action under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,463,769, issued to Garner, or U.S. Patent No. 1,473,001, issued to White, in combination with one or more secondary references. Finally, dependent claims 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15, were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable under the Garner reference in combination with many secondary references.

A. Claim 1 Recites Patentable Subject Matter

As amended, claim 1 recites:

A protective cover for use with a locking device, said protective cover comprising:

a channel shaped protective shroud sized to cover at least part of the locking device, said protective shroud having openings at two opposite ends of the shroud;

means to affix the protective shroud in place over the locking device; and

a single hasp element to which the locking device engages under the protective cover, such that upon locking the locking device to the hasp element, the locking device can not be removed from the hasp element unless the locking device is unlocked.  
(Emphasis added).

As amended, claim 2 recites:

A protective cover for use with a locking device, said protective cover comprising:

a channel shaped protective shroud sized to cover at least part of the locking device, said protective shroud having openings at two opposite ends of the shroud;

a plurality of anchors attached to the protective shroud;

means to affix the protective shroud in place over the locking device; and

a single hasp element to which the locking device engages under the protective cover, such that upon locking the locking device to the hasp element, the locking device can not be removed from the hasp element unless the locking device is unlocked.  
(Emphasis added).

Independent claims 9 and 16 have a similar limitation noting that the shroud is to be "channel shaped." The support for these limitations is found at page 8, lines 8 through 15 noting that "the hasp element 20 is rigidly attached to the interior of the access area or access way;" and is found at page 9, lines 31 and 32, and page 10, lines 1 through 7 noting that the cover has "a channel or U shape."

By contrast Garvey et al. discloses and teaches a locking mechanism for truck doors that must have two hasp elements 34 and 36. The padlock shackle 38 fits through the two hasp elements to lock the two doors together. There is no suggestion or motivation in Garvey et al. to have the locking mechanism work with less than two hasp elements. Indeed, the Garvey et al. device could not work unless there is a hasp element attached to each of the two doors being locked together.

Similarly, the Garvey et al. cover has an opening 54 of limited size at the top of the enclosure 54 to receive and fit the cam rod 32. There is no suggestion or motivation in Garvey et al. to have a larger opening at the top of the enclosure 32. The teaching of Garvey et al. is not to have a "channel" or "U shaped" cover, but to have an enclosure with a very small top opening for the cam rod 32 and an opening at the bottom for the padlock to fit through. Like Garvey et al., the Garner reference does not teach or suggest any basis for the cover to be "channel" or "U shaped" as in the present invention.

The advantages of the subject matter of claims 1, 2, 9 and 16 are not attained or suggested by the Garvey et al. reference or the Garner reference. This is because claims 1, 2, 9 and 16 contain features as described above that are not taught or suggested by the applied references. As explained by Judge Rich in *In re Civitello*, 144 USPQ 10, 12 (CCPA 1964), when a claimed feature is not disclosed by the reference, the reference cannot render the claim obvious:

Since Haslacher fails to disclose the feature of the claim relied on, we do not agree with the patent office that it would suggest modifying the Craig bag to contain the feature. The Patent Office finds the suggestion, only after making a modification which is not suggested, as we see it, by anything other than appellant's own disclosure. This is hindsight reconstruction. It does not establish obviousness. (Emphasis in original.)

Thus, the applicant does not agree with the Examiner that the Garvey et al. reference or the Garner reference support a prima facie case of anticipation or obviousness.

B. Dependent Claims

Because claims 3 through 8, and 10 through 15 depend directly from a patentable claim, these dependent claims are also patentable. *See, e.g., In re McCarn*, 101 USPQ 411, 413 (CCPA 1954) ("sound law" requires allowance of dependent claims when their antecedent claims are allowed). Moreover, claims 3 through 8, and 10 through 15 are each non-obvious in view of the applied references.

C. Drawings

Applicant respectfully notes that the claims as originally presented, and now as substantively amended do not provide any limitation as to the "angle" of the slot 41 or the location of the hasp. As shown and claimed, the hasp location need only be under the cover 10 for the inventive device to be functional. The angle of the slot 41 is not to be limited by the drawings because the hasp is enclosed within the shackle of the padlock when closed. Accordingly there is no particular limitation to the angle of the slot 41 with respect to the cover 10.

D. Conclusion

By this Amendment, pending claims 1 through 16 have been amended directly (or indirectly through an amendment to an independent claim) to place the application in better condition for examination and allowance.

The rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) and 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) should be withdrawn. Favorable action is earnestly solicited. Finally, the Examiner is invited to call the applicant's undersigned representative if any further action will expedite the prosecution of the application or if the Examiner has any suggestions or questions concerning the application or the present Response. In fact, if the claims of the application are not believed to be in full condition for allowance, for any reason, the applicant respectfully requests the constructive assistance and suggestions of the Examiner in drafting one or more acceptable claims pursuant to MPEP § 707.07(j) or in making constructive suggestions pursuant to MPEP § 706.03 so that the application can be placed in allowable condition as soon as possible and without the need for further proceedings.

Respectfully submitted,



Kevin W. Goldstein, Reg. No. 34,608  
Attorney for Applicant

KWG:kak

Dated: November 25, 2005

Enclosures: Drawings (3 replacement sheets)

Stradley Ronon Stevens & Young, LLP  
Great Valley Corporate Center  
30 Valley Stream Parkway  
Malvern, PA 19355-1481  
(610) 640-5800

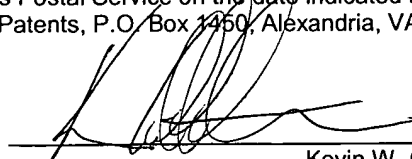
The Commissioner for Patents is hereby  
authorized to charge payment of any additional  
fee which may be required or to credit any  
overpayment to Deposit Account No. **502951**.

**EXPRESS MAIL**

Mailing Label Number:  
Date of Deposit:

EV583575715US  
November 25, 2005

I hereby certify that this paper and fee are being deposited, under 37 C.F.R. § 1.10 and with sufficient postage, using the "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service of the United States Postal Service on the date indicated above and that the deposit is addressed to Mail Stop RCE, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.



Kevin W. Goldstein